## **LISTING OF CLAIMS**

The following listing of claims replaces all previous listings or versions thereof:

- (original) A method of obtaining a transformed dihaploid plant comprising:
   obtaining haploid sporophytic tissue;
   transforming the haploid sporophytic tissue;
   producing dihaploid tissue from the transformed haploid sporophytic tissue; and
   regenerating a dihaploid plant from the dihaploid tissue.
- 2. (original) The method of claim 1 in which the sporophytic tissue is immature embryo, mature embryo, callus, nodal section, or meristem.
- 3. (original) The method of claim 1 in which the dihaploid plant is produced by treating the transformed haploid tissue with a chromosome doubling agent.
- 4. (original) The method of claim 3 in which the chromosome doubling agent is colchicine.
- 5. (original) The method of claim 1 in which the plant is corn.
- 6. (withdrawn) A method of obtaining a transformed dihaploid plant comprising: obtaining haploid sporophytic tissue; transforming the haploid sporophytic tissue; regenerating a haploid plant; and producing a dihaploid plant from the haploid plant.
- 7. (withdrawn) The method of claim 6 in which the plant is corn.
- 8. (withdrawn) The method of claim 6 in which the sporophytic tissue is immature embryo, mature embryo, callus, nodal section, or meristem.
- 9. (withdrawn) The method of claim 6 in which the dihaploid plant is produced by treating the transformed haploid plant with a chromosome doubling agent.

- 10. (withdrawn) The method of claim 9 in which the chromosome doubling agent is colchicine.
- 11. (original) A method of obtaining a transformed dihaploid plant comprising:
  obtaining haploid tissue;
  culturing the haploid tissue to form haploid callus;
  transforming the haploid callus;

producing dihaploid callus from the transformed haploid callus; and regenerating a dihaploid plant from the dihaploid callus.

- 12. (original) The method of claim 11 in which the plant is corn.
- 13. (original) The method of claim 11 in which the dihaploid callus is produced by treating the transformed haploid callus with a chromosome doubling agent.
- 14. (original) The method of claim 13 in which the chromosome doubling agent is colchicine.
- 15. (original) A method of obtaining a transformed dihaploid corn plant comprising: obtaining haploid corn tissue; culturing the haploid corn tissue to form haploid callus; transforming the haploid callus; producing dihaploid corn callus from the transformed haploid corn callus; and regenerating a dihaploid corn plant from the dihaploid callus.
- 16. (original) The method of claim 15 in which the dihaploid callus is produced by treating the transformed haploid callus with a chromosome doubling agent.
- 17. (original) The method of claim 1 6 in which the chromosome doubling agent is colchicine.
- 18. (original) A transformed dihaploid corn plant produced by the method of claim 15.
- 19. (withdrawn) A method of obtaining a transformed dihaploid corn plant comprising: obtaining haploid corn tissue; culturing the haploid corn tissue to form haploid callus; transforming the haploid callus; regenerating a haploid plant from the transformed haploid corn callus; and producing a

dihaploid corn plant from the haploid corn plant.

- 20. (withdrawn) The method of claim 19 in which the dihaploid plant is produced by treating the transformed haploid plant with a chromosome doubling agent.
- 21. (withdrawn) The method of claim 20 in which the chromosome doubling agent is colchicine.
- 22. (withdrawn) A transformed dihaploid corn plant produced by the method of claim 19.
- 23. (withdrawn) A method of obtaining a transformed dihaploid corn plant comprising: obtaining haploid corn tissue; culturing the haploid corn tissue to form haploid multiple bud cultures; transforming the multiple bud cultures; producing dihaploid multiple bud cultures from the transformed multiple bud cultures; and regenerating a dihaploid corn plant from the dihaploid multiple bud cultures.
- 24. (withdrawn) The method of claim 23 in which the dihaploid multiple bud cultures are produced by treating the transformed multiple bud cultures with a chromosome doubling agent.
- 25. (withdrawn) The method of claim 24 in which the chromosome doubling agent is colchicine.
- 26. (withdrawn) A transformed dihaploid corn plant produced by the method of claim 23.
- 27. (withdrawn) A hybrid corn plant produced by crossing the transformed dihaploid corn plant of claim 26 with another corn plant.